

with dignified applause—and a committee of two appointed to call upon Monsieur next morning, make known this agreeable intention towards him, and report progress.

This duty devolved upon two sturdy deacons of the Presbyterian Church, who called at the residence of Squire Edwards, and politely, but firmly requested that he would inform Monsieur Vandale that his proposals for dancing school, &c., had better be indefinitely postponed, and himself taken out of town at the earliest practicable moment. To this they replied that "Monsieur Vandale was here at the solicitation of some of the first families in the town; that he was the guest of one of them; that the dancing school would go on; that the law would protect him, and punish all assailants;" ending with an intimation that "New Haven had been ruled long enough by deacons of the Presbyterian order." The committee retired—perhaps with "a flea in their ear"—for there was a mighty buzzing in and about Broadway when the result of the mission was reported; and it was evident that those who had "put their hand to the plow," had not the remotest idea of taking the back track. For the remainder of the day, messengers were hurrying from one point to another, whispering, winking and giving ominous and potent shakes of the head, from which no one could doubt that a positive movement of some kind was in contemplation, if not in rapid progress.

But about the hour of seven in the evening, while Squire E. and Mons. V. were enjoying their Havana, and laughing over the foiled rage of the deacons who had attempted to block the wheels of the projected dancing school, teaching the French language, &c., some sixty stalwart men had congregated on the little triangular park in Broadway, and were formed into double files, headed by the two deacons. Immediately in the rear followed a man with a bag of feathers—and behind him came a couple more in Indian file, bearing a kettle of scolding pitch, suspended from a pole resting on their shoulders—and supported by a column of resolute, but quiet citizens, indignant at the intended French fiddle invasion of their good town, the whole body moved rapidly down Elm street. At the corner of Elm and Orange streets, the whole was given to halt, and the two deacons opened the gate and proceeded alone to the door of Squire Edwards. Giving an emphatic and double knock, they waited an answer to their summons. At the end of a minute the door opened, and the deacons were confronted by the irate countenance of the lord of the mansion, who saw at a glance the nature of the visit.

"May I ask, gentlemen," said he politely, to what cause am I indebted for this unseasonable visit?"

"Well, Squire," said the foremost deacon, "you know who we are, and most likely why we are come in the shape you see us. We are God-fearing citizens, desirous that our town should not be polluted by a French dancing master. We have given you fair warning that we would not permit it, which you saw fit to treat with contempt. We are now come to demand the person of Mons. Vandale, intending to dress him in a coat of tar and feathers!"

"That, gentlemen, you won't be permitted to do. He is my guest—and as such, will not be given to your impudent rage, or your ridiculous whim—and as you know me, you had better go about your business."

"That we purpose to do at once, Squire! so please stand out of our way, that we may bring this son of Belial to his deserts!" but their forward movement was obstructed by the Squire, who exclaimed, "If you take him you take me too!"

"Oh, we have not come unprepared for even such a contingency. Squire, we've got tar and feathers enough for two and just as certain as you offer us further obstruction in this matter, we will make the first example of you."

"What?" screamed the enraged functionary, "commit such an indignity on a gentleman at his own door for protecting a guest?"

"Just as true as you live, Squire; not even your name or your position, in this community, shall avail you a farthing's weight, if that Frenchman is not instantly produced and handed over to us."

He knew with whom he had to deal—and that they would keep their word; and seeing that evasion could not be carried further, permitted them to enter.

But as they were coming in at the front door, the dancing master, who had overheard the conversation, was clambering over the garden fence in the rear, and before the house had been thoroughly searched for him, a giant figure with rather short breeches, gaiters, and powdered hair, a fiddle in one hand and a violin in the other, might have been seen running like a quarter nag over the West Haven bridge, on the New York turnpike—going "das South." And that was the last that was ever seen or heard of these parts of "Monsieur Vandale, from Old France," who had designed to open a "dancing school in New Haven."

Satisfied that he had escaped, and confident the attempt would not be repeated, the column was counter-marched, the victorious deacons resumed their posts in front, and the contents of the greenish fiddle and French fiddle, moved off in triumphant dignity to their homes—with the air of men fully convinced that the arch adversary had met with a disastrous overthrow.

SWAMP LAND SALES.—We are authorized to say that the sale of the Swamp Lands will commence at Lansing, either on the 14th or 20th of July next.

The sale will probably take two or three weeks' time, as about three millions of acres are to be offered.—*Det. Adv.*

TRUE NORTHERNER.

T. H. HARRISON, Editor.
S. H. BLACKMAN, Editor.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY.

PAW PAW.

FRIDAY, JULY 2, 1858.

"X."

Subscribers receiving their papers with the above mark placed opposite their names, will know that the time for which they subscribed has expired.

Mr. C. P. Sweet is authorized to receive subscriptions, and contract for advertising, for this paper.

Republican State Convention.

A Republican State Convention, for the nomination of Candidates for State Offices, will be held at the City of Detroit, on Thursday, August 19th, next, 12 o'clock, M.

Each county will be entitled to two Delegates for each Senator and Representative in the State Legislature. When two or more counties are united in one Senatorial District, the two counties having the greatest population will each be entitled to one Senatorial Delegate.

Each organized county having one representative will be entitled to one delegate.

J. M. EDMUNDS, W. W. MURPHY, M. H. MILES, M. GIBBINGS, E. PRINGLE, C. T. GOBHAM, J. J. SWEET, R. L. TROWBRIDGE, State Central Committee.

Detroit, June 20th, 1858.

In the last *Free Press*, of June 28th, Mr. H. C. Clapp makes another feeble struggle to throw dust and divert attention from the charges which we have so conclusively proved against him of "swindling the county in his official capacity." It is simply a stale re-hash of his former exploded falsehoods and sophistries. He attempts, as he did before, to pervert my language and to draw a false inference from it, in order to lay the foundation of a charge of falsehood. He understands very well the distinction I made between the county poor fund, and money raised for county purposes; but he knows just as well, that unless he can blind his readers in reference to it they will see through the fallacy of his statements. Hence he seeks to put a false construction upon my language.

And yet one of the very statements which he tries to make out that I have denied by inference, in order to charge me with falsehood, is itself false, although I have never before contradicted it. He says that "in 1853, \$2800 was the whole amount raised for poor and county expenses." But the Record shows that there was raised that year, for county purposes \$2500, and for the poor, \$400, which, according to my arithmetic makes \$2900.

His whole effort is founded upon the principle, advanced by him, that "a lie well stuck to is as good as the truth."—For example, he says: "Mr. Blackman knows that the Treasurer, Clerk, Printer, and the Sheriff and his deputies, have each received the sums I have charged." This is pretty cool, when he knows that I have shown and proved by facts and figures that his statements referred to were fraudulent and false, and in regard to the sheriff, absolutely FORGED; and when he has not dared to approach or touch my exposition of them, though I expressly challenged him to do so. Why has he not attempted to sustain his bold-faced forgery of amounts allowed the sheriff and his deputies, by giving the several amounts allowed to each of them, with the time when each was allowed, etc.; as I have repeatedly dared him to attempt?

Can there be any other reason only that he knows his STATEMENT to be FALSE? And what is the reason that he makes no attempt to vindicate himself from the charges of "swindling the county in his official capacity," as I have dared him to do? Can there be any other reason only that he knows that HE IS GUILTY, AND THAT THOSE CHARGES ARE TRUE?

If Mr. Clapp can do nothing more than to reiterate statements that have been proved to be false, it is useless for any one to bandy assertions and contradictions with him. Any person who has doubt as to those statements and figures are true, and wishes to satisfy himself, can easily do so, without relying upon upon Mr. Clapp's assertion, or mine; and I invite them to do so.

It is evident enough that Mr. Clapp does not expect that his statements will be believed except by a few ignorant persons who read only his side of the controversy. Some others may affect to believe them from the same motives that prompt him to put them forth, viz. to deceive the ignorant and uninformed. When we see a man who can thus prostitute himself to falsehood, in the only hope of deceiving a few ignorant, unreasoning, uninvestigating individuals, it excites in us no other feelings than pity and disgust.

In conclusion, there are a few things which the reader is asked to remember.

Remember that H. C. Clapp made a statement of the expenses of the sheriff and his deputies and jailor for the years 1856 and '57, by which he made the total amount \$1,564.32. That I took it up and showed, by giving all the sums al-

lowed to the different individuals at the different sessions of the Board of Supervisors, that the whole amount allowed the sheriff and deputies and jailor for services and expenses, was more than four hundred and seventy-five dollars LESS, than the amount he stated; and that I challenged him to show a single dollar that had been allowed them except the items which I gave; but that he has never dared to attempt to do it.

Remember that we have proved from the Records, that in 1853, this same H. C. Clapp, who is falsely accusing others of defrauding the county, presented a bill, as sheriff of the county, for \$80 for time and expenses in taking two prisoners to Jackson and got it allowed, when he had before received \$30 for the same services and expenses, which the Board of Supervisors were not at that time aware of.

Remember that the same H. C. Clapp in June 1853 presented a bill as sheriff for \$89.33 on which he was docked five dollars; that he thereupon withdrew his bill, and in October following, claimed and got \$128.44 for the same services for which he only claimed \$89.33 in June.

Remember that we have also proved by the Records that he obtained of the county \$21.25 for taking another prisoner to Jackson when he had before received of the Treasurer, \$9.00 towards the same services; and also obtained \$12 for two days time and expense in trying to arrest a prisoner, when he had already received of the Treasurer five dollars towards the same; and in neither case gave any credit for the amounts received, though the Board were not aware that he had received any thing.

Remember that he has been repeatedly called on to explain or deny these facts if he could; but that he dares not allude to them.

Remember that he has been repeatedly called upon to sustain his charges against the county officers, or any of them, by pointing out and specifying where they, or any of them, have obtained a dollar unjustly from the county; and that he cannot do it, and dare not attempt it.

It seems he has come to the conclusion that he will have nothing more to do with "personal slanders and abuse." I am glad he has formed that resolution, and hope he will stick to it. I have seen men before that could not learn the truth of the adage, that "those who live in glass houses should not throw stones," until they learned it by experience.

S. H. BLACKMAN.

Locofoco Swindlers—A Grand Total.

While Locofocoism is depleting the Public Treasury with all manner of swindling and corruption, the Locofoco Press are bolsters in defence of locofoco purity and charges of Republican dishonesty.—Upon his principle the *Free Press* of yesterday had a special plea for Democracy, for the purpose of covering up the late damaging exposures. The recent investigation of corruption and bribery in the Wisconsin Legislature showed that while the Locofocos received some \$140,000, the Republicans received something like \$230,000.

The Fort Snelling fraud shows that one of the cabinet of Buchanan had his fingers in a fraud amounting to over \$300,000.

A later case—that of Willett's Point, shows Secretary Floyd's track in another grand swindle amounting over \$290,000.

It was only about a year ago that a locofoco State officer of Ohio, was detected in swindling the State Treasury of that State out of some \$800,000. Then, passing by numerous peculations of locofocos amounting to 50 and \$100,000 each, we come to the President. The amount for "miscellaneous expenses" heretofore has usually been about two or three millions of dollars for the government, while Buchanan has charged to that account for 1857 the astonishing amount of \$18,945,189.91, or very nearly nineteen millions of dollars, for which he can give no account, or for which the country has got to take his word for its proper expenditure. Aside from this vast "miscellaneous" amount he has used up the \$18,000,000 left in the Treasury when Pierce left it—he has used up \$20,000,000 more raised in the issue of Treasury Notes and is asking Congress to loan \$15,000,000 more to carry his administration through the year, leaving a deficit in the Treasury of nearly fifty millions dollars for the first year and a quarter of his administration—saying nothing of the enormous amounts appropriated by Congress for specific purposes. To sum up the grand total of locofoco defalcations, swindles and corruptions, discovered in about a year past, including a moderate estimate for countless small amounts, the account will stand about thus:

Wisconsin Locofoco	\$200,000 00
Fort Snelling swindle	300,000 00
Willett's Point do	200,000 00
Gibbs Treasury do	500,000 00
N. Y. City do	8,000,000 00
Buchanan's "miscellaneous" items	19,000,000 00
do raised on treasury notes, 1858	20,000,000 00
do new loan asked for 15,000,000 00	do amount left in treasury
by Pierce 17,000,000 00	do private army contracts, Utah
6,000,000 00	Sundry smaller amounts in different places
15,000,000 00	Grand total
\$102,600,000 00	

Here is a grand total of over one hundred and two millions of dollars used up by locofoco honesty in about one year, or one and a quarter. It is but just to say, however, that the amount for New York city, has doubtless been the result of several years transactions, which were only discovered during the past year. With this state of facts before the public it is to be wondered at that the locofoco press are howling about Republican corruption. It is important to attract attention from their own doings by a cry of "stop thief." But it is too old a ruse to have its desired effect this time.—*Det. Adv.*

FOREIGN NEWS.

ARRIVAL OF THE ARABIA.

Halifax, June 28.

Great Britain.—In the House of Lords on the 17th, the Bishop of Oxford called attention to the Spanish slave trade. He contended that the present threatening state affairs in the West was occasioned by having so long permitted Spain to break her treaty engagements.

Lord Brougham strongly opposed the policy of Spain.

Earl Malmesbury deeply regretted that the efforts of England to suppress the slave trade had not been seconded by other nations. He had admitted to the American Government that England was entitled to the right of visit or search, but he had also put it strongly to the American Government, whether they would continue to permit their flag to be prostituted to the vilest of purposes, and had urged the necessity of an ocean police, and that some understanding should be come to, between the different maritime nations, which would enable the nationality of the vessels to be clearly verified, with out danger of a breach of international law. He had reason to believe, from a conversation with the American Minister, that some such arrangement might become to. With regard to Spain, it was notorious that high order the naval support of England had materially aided her in resisting the wishes of the United States to annex Cuba, but if she persisted in supporting the slave trade, it was highly probable that the present anxiety of Great Britain would be exchanged for indifference.

Earl Grey and Aberdeen assented to Malmesbury's definitions of international law.

In the commons, on the 18th, a debate took place on the American imbrigo.

Mr. Fitzgerald made a similar statement to that of Malmesbury. In the debate a general and temperate spirit was manifested.

Mr. Roebuck stated that the language used in the American Congress, was unworthy of a great country. They had always assumed that England wished to insult them, but he hoped they would now learn that she (England) had no such desire.

Later by the Ariel.

St. John's N. F., June 26.

Gen. Espinasse, who was appointed Minister of the Interior, with the functions of Minister of Police, immediately after the explosion of the Orsini conspiracy, has as was anticipated, resigned receiving in exchange for his office a seat in the Senate.

M. De Single President of the Imperial Court of Paris, has been appointed Minister of the Interior.

The Canton of Geneva protest against the expulsion of refugees from Switzerland and demands that no expulsion shall take place.

The Norfolk, from Australia, with £100,000 in gold, was spoken outside the channel, and would arrive in a few days.

About a million pounds is known to be on the way from Australia.

The Times containing the article on French ornaments was stopped in France. A submarine cable between Reggise & Mestia had been successfully submerged.

The Egyptian army is fixed for the year at 15,000 men.

The Emperor of Russia has invited the French Ambassador to accompany him on his journey in the southern provinces of the Empire.

The enormous expense of the fortifications at Brussels was the topic of comment in the press.

The U. S. steam frigate Porpoise was at Hong Kong.

It was rumored at Canton that the Chinese intended to destroy the European dwellings on the Honan side of the river.

It also reported that the Nankin had been captured from the rebels by the imperial troops.

Liverpool, 16th.—Broadstuffs.—The market has generally been lifeless.

An Anti-Locomotion State Convention in Pennsylvania, including all parties of the opposition, is called at Harrisburg on the 8th of July, to nominate State officers. The prospect now is that there will be a thorough and successful union.

It is rumored that Gov. Denver of Kansas cannot possibly stand the exactions upon him by the Administration and retain his own manhood and self-respect, and is about to resign.

Turn free soil party in Memphis purpose to form a slave ticket to test the question of free and slave labor.

Gen. Jim Lane and James Christian have formed a partnership of the practice of law, Lawrence, Kansas.

That humility which courts notice, is not fraterate. It may be sincere, but it is nullified.—Do not send a trumpet, nor say, "Come and see how humble I am!"

IMPEACHMENT.—One of the rascally Judges of New York, named Russell, who helped Fernando Wood in all his villainies, is about to be impeached.

Local and News Items.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 2.

The Tornado.

A terrible storm swept over this village on Wednesday evening. It commenced about six o'clock—wind, S. S. W. and for two hours, wind, hail, and rain seemed striving to ascertain which could produce the greatest amount of noise and destruction. A large house on La Grave St., in an unfinished state belonging to Mr. Z. Jones, was collapsed and reduced to a complete wreck—damages several hundred dollars. Another house, also unfinished, on the west side of the river was blown down. A large and magnificent locust tree in the front of Mr. Charles Solbeck's house was broken off and fell to the ground, a portion of it lodging on the house, stripping it of lightning and water conductors, besides doing other severe damages. We also noticed shade trees, to a considerable number broken off and prostrated in all parts of the village. Considerable damage was also done the country. No storm of the season has been half so terrible in its appearance or destructive in its effects.

Another Arrest.

William Crum, the father of Henry Crum who broke jail last week was arrested on Tuesday at Pokagon by Officer Grainger and brought to this place, on charge of having introduced tools into the county jail, thereby causing the escape of said Henry Crum. We understand that his examination takes place to-morrow. While we regret the cause and circumstances of his arrest, the offense is of so grave and serious a nature and the proofs apparently so strong that we fear that conviction will be inevitable.

It is very extraordinary that when people come in with high words they generally use low language.

It is rumored that Howell Cobb is about to retire from the Cabinet, Senator Pearce, of Maryland, to take his place.

Norwich, Conn., has elected a Republican Mayor.

To-day's Advertisements.

CHANCERY ORDER.

STATE OF MICHIGAN—Fifth Judicial Circuit—In Chancery.

Ira Davidson, Complainant.

Alphons M. Barnes, Elvira Barnes, Jonathan Miller, Loretta M. Barnes, Wm. H. Edgar, and Eusebius Mather, Defendants.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the county of Van Buren, in Chancery; at Paw Paw, on the twenty-fourth day of June, A. D. eighteen hundred and fifty-eight. Before CHANDLER RICHARDS, Circuit Court Commissioner, sitting as Judge of the said Circuit Court.

It is respectfully appearing to this Court by the affidavit on file, that the Defendants, Alphons M. Barnes, Elvira Barnes and Eusebius Mather are not residents of this State, but that said Alphons M. Barnes, Elvira Barnes and Eusebius Mather are residents of the Territory of Nebraska, and that said Eusebius Mather is a resident of the State of Illinois.

On motion of Murphy and Baxter, solicitors, for complainant, it is ordered that the said defendants Alphons M. Barnes, Elvira Barnes and Eusebius Mather, cause their appearance in this cause to be entered within three months from the date of this order; and that in case of their appearance they cause their answer to the complainant's bill to be filed and a copy thereof to be served on the complainant's solicitors within twenty days after service of a copy of said bill and notice of this order and in default thereof, that said bill be taken as confessed by said defendants, Alphons M. Barnes, Elvira Barnes and Eusebius Mather, and that a further order be made that within thirty days the complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in some newspaper printed and published in Paw Paw, Van Buren county, Michigan, and that said publication be continued once in each week for six weeks in succession; and that he cause a copy of this order to be personally served on the said defendants Alphons M. Barnes, Elvira Barnes and Eusebius Mather, at least twenty days before the time above provided for their appearance.

Dated June 25th, 1858.

CHANDLER RICHARDS, Circuit Court Commissioner, for Van Buren Co., Mich.

I hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original order on file in my office.

S. T. CONWAY, Register.

168-69.

PRIVATE ORDER.

STATE OF MICHIGAN—County of Van Buren.—At a Session of the Probate Court of the County of Van Buren, holden at the Probate Office, in the village of Paw Paw, on Saturday, the twenty-sixth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight.

Present, A. W. Nash, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of Horace Hinkley, deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Asa G. Hinkley and Zealous C. Hinkley, Administrators of said deceased, praying for license and authority to sell the real estate of said deceased.

Thereupon it is ordered, That Monday, the 9th day of August at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the village of Paw Paw, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by sending a copy of this order, to each of the heirs of said deceased, by a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Van Buren four successive weeks, previous to said day of hearing.

168-19.

A. W. NASH, Judge of Probate.

Consumptives do not despair!

CONSUMPTION.—An old Indian Doctor, UNAS BRANT, who is a Missionary among the Indians of the Rocky Mountains, discovered a REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, which he has called "CONSUMPTION CURE."

CONSUMPTION.—This cure is for Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Liver Complaint, Nervous Affections, Coughs, Colds, &c. Having made his fortune and retired from business, he will send the prescriptions FREE OF CHARGE to all who desire it, and will send to his agent, enclosing 2 stamps (N. O. S.), to pay the required letter, with a description of their symptoms. The old Doctor has cured more than 3000 CASES OF CONSUMPTION.

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Simulation and Exposure in State Prison.

A convict now 43 years old, sentenced in December, 1851, for eight years, has for 17 months past been in the State Prison Hospital, nearly all the time lying upon his back in bed, because, as he said, he was so weak in his back and limbs that he could not sit up or walk, and when urged to do so, his attempts were most painful to witness. He also used various means to indicate a very diseased condition of the lungs and of his system generally. He had been repeatedly examined by the most experienced physicians, who could not discover any cause for these appearances, and yet the fact seemed to be that he was a confirmed invalid. A few days since, upon suggestion of the Physician, the Deputy Warden told him he was sure he was "shamming," and that food would not be given him until convinced of the contrary. For 36 hours the obstinate man held out, but on Wednesday morning last he sent for the Warden, asked for the usual prison attire, went to his cell in the prison without any difficulty, and on Thursday he was in the ranks prompt and erect, going up the long flight of steps to chapel service. To-day he is at work, apparently as vigorous, strong and free from infirmity as any man in the institution.—*Boston Journal.*

The Berliners all admit the beauty and amiability of the Prince royal, but some of them make a complaint seldom urged upon her sex; they say she speaks too little!

The best way to discipline one's heart against scandal, is to believe all stories to be false which ought not to be true.

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